

## 一、简谐振子：

$$E_n = (n + \frac{1}{2})h\nu, \quad \nu = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} \quad n \text{ 整数, 能级等间隔。}$$

$$\text{零点能 } E_0 = \frac{1}{2}h\nu \quad \text{没有静止的简谐振子!}$$

$$u_n(y) = e^{-\frac{1}{2}y^2} H_n(y), \quad H_n(y) \text{ 为厄米特函数。}$$

$$H_n(y) = (-1)^n e^{y^2} \frac{d^n}{dy^n} e^{-y^2} \quad \text{厄米特函数的微商形式-罗德里格公式}$$

选择定则：跃迁只能发生在相邻能级之间  $\Delta n = \pm 1$

$\Rightarrow$  只能测到一条谱线

## 二、算符

每一个力学量都可以用一个算符来代表

$$\hat{p} = -i\hbar\nabla \quad \hat{H} = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}\nabla^2 + V(\vec{r})$$

$$\vec{L} = \vec{r} \times \vec{p} \Rightarrow \hat{L} = -i\hbar\vec{r} \times \nabla$$

$$\hat{L}^2 = -\hbar^2 \left[ \frac{1}{\sin\theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial\theta} (\sin\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial\theta}) + \frac{1}{\sin^2\theta} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial\varphi^2} \right]$$

$$\hat{L}_z = -i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi} \quad \nabla^2 = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \right) - \frac{\hat{L}^2}{\hbar^2 r^2}$$